

within. This difference, then, is also one of degree. Therefore, since from a taxonomic standpoint one species is a variety of the other, according to nomenclatorial ruling the name of the variety should be established as *Vernonia Baldwinii* Torr. var. *interior* (Small).

In conclusion I should like to express my appreciation to Professor M. L. Fernald for his interest and helpful suggestions throughout this study.

RADCLIFFE COLLEGE.

HYPERICUM MUTILUM L., var. **latisepalum**, var. nov., sepalis late lanceolatis vel oblongis foliaceis.—Florida to Texas. TYPE: low grounds, Duval Co., Florida, June–August, *A. H. Curtiss*, no. 264* (distributed as *H. mutilum*, var. *gymnanthum*) in Gray Herb.

A characteristic southern extreme. Typical *Hypericum mutilum* L., as noted for me by Mr. C. A. Weatherby upon study of the type (*Clayton*, no. 232) in the summer of 1935 and as further demonstrated by a photograph of it secured by him through Mr. J. Ramsbottom, is the wide-spread plant with sepals linear or narrowly lanceolate, only one or two of them exceptionally broader. In var. *latisepalum* all the sepals are dilated.—M. L. FERNALD, Gray Herbarium.

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